1 2 3 4 5	Peter Strojnik, State Bar No. 6464 STROJNIK P.C. 2375 East Camelback Road Suite 600 Phoenix, Arizona 85016 Telephone: (602) 524-6602 ADA@strojnik.com Attorneys for Plaintiff	
6	UNITED STATES DE DISTRICT OF	
7 8		Case No:
9	FERNANDO GASTELUM,	VERIFIED COMPLAINT
10	Plaintiff,	1. Americans with Disabilities
11 12	NO.	Act 2. Negligence 3. Negligent
13	vs. CHANDLER & KYRENE HOTEL GROUP, LLC,	3. Negligent Misrepresentation 4. Failure to Disclose
14	Defendant.	5. Fraud / Consumer Fraud
15 16	Defendant.	JURY TRIAL REQUESTED
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	INTRODUCTION 1. Plaintiff brings this action pursuant to the U.S.C. §12101 et seq. and corresponded Department of Justice Standards for Action 2. Plaintiff's left leg is amputated below the a wheelchair or a prosthetic leg. Plaintified is defined in 42 U.S.C. 12102 and 28 defi	the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 ling regulations, 28 CFR Part 36 and cessible Design ("ADA"). The knee. Plaintiff moves with the aid of the first from a disability as this term CFR §36.105 (c)(1)(i) which includes,
28		

- 3. Plaintiff is constantly and relentlessly segregated and discriminated against, excluded, denied equal services, or otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of his disability, and has been denied the opportunity to participate in or benefit from services, facilities and opportunities available people without disabilities.
- Plaintiff incorporates herein Congressional Findings and Purpose set forth in 42
 U.S.C. §12-101 and 28 CFR §36.101.
- 5. Plaintiff is being subjected to discrimination on the basis of disability in violation of Subchapter III of the Americans with Disabilities Act or has reasonable ground to believe that that he is about to be subjected to discrimination in violation of 42 U.S.C. §12183.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges that he has actual notice that Defendant has failed to comply with Subchapter III of the ADA, 28 CFR 36 and the 2010 Standards of Accessibility Design ("2010 Standards") as more fully alleged below.
- 7. Plaintiff alleges that he has no obligation to engage in futile gestures as referenced in 42 U.S.C. §12188(A)(1) and 28 C.F.R. Subpart E
- 8. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff by all of the following actions and failures to act –

- a. Failing to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures which are necessary to afford Plaintiff and others similarly situated accessibility to Defendant's place of public accommodation, thus violating 42 U.S.C. §12182(b)(2)(A)(ii) and 28 C.F.R. §36.302(a); and
- b. Failing to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the absence of auxiliary aids and services, thus violating 42 U.S.C. §12182(b)(2)(A)(iii); and
- c. Failing to remove architectural barriers where such removal is readily achievable, thus violating 42 U.S.C. §12182(b)(2)(A)(iii), 28 CFR 36 and the 2010 Standards..

PARTIES

- 9. Plaintiff is a disabled person and a committed individual to advance the time when places of public accommodations will be compliant with the ADA.
- 10.Plaintiff's disability includes the amputation of the left leg below the knee.

 Plaintiff moves with the use of a wheelchair, walker and/or a prostethis.
- 11.Defendant CHANDLER & KYRENE HOTEL GROUP, LLC. D/B/A Hawthorne Suites by Wyndham owns and/or operates hotel at 5858 West Chandler Blvd., Chandler, Arizona, which is a public accommodation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12181(7)(A) which offers public lodging services. *See* 28 CFR §36.104 and a listing of public accommodations in 42 U.S.C. §12181(7).

JURISDICTION 1 2 12. District Court has jurisdiction over this case or controversy by virtue of 28 3 U.S.C. §§ 28-1331 and 42 U.S.C. § 12188 and 28 U.S.C. § 1367. 4 5 13. Plaintiff brings this action as a private attorney general who has been personally 6 subjected to discrimination on the basis of his disability, see 42 U.S.C.12188 7 and 28 CFR §36.501. 14. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391. 9 10 STANDING TO SUE JURISDICTION 11 15. Plaintiff reviewed 3rd party and 1st party lodging websites to book an 12 13 ambulatory and wheelchair accessible room. Plaintiff was denied equal 14 opportunity to use and enjoyment of a critical public accommodation through 15 Defendant's acts of discrimination and segregation alleged below. 16 17 16. Plaintiff intends to book a room at the Defendant's hotel once Defendant has 18 removed all accessibility barriers, including the ones not specifically referenced 19 herein, and has fully complied with the ADA. 20 21 17. Because of Defendant's denial of Plaintiff's use and enjoyment of a critical 22 public accommodation through Defendant's acts of discrimination and 23 segregation, he is deterred from visiting that accommodation by accessibility 24 25 barriers and other violations of the ADA. 26 18. Defendant has denied Plaintiff -27 28

- a. The opportunity to participate in or benefit from the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations at its hotel.
- b. The right to be included in the population at large who benefits from Defendant's hotel without being segregated because his disability.
- 19.Plaintiff intends to book a room at Defendant's hotel in the future but he will likely suffer repeated injury unless and until the barriers of accessibility and ambulatory and wheelchair accessibility barriers have been removed.

CONTINUING JURISDICTION

- 20.ADA violations which form the subject matter of this Verified Complaint change frequently due to regular maintenance, remodels, repairs, and normal wear and tear.
- 21.Defendant's ADA Violations are of the type that can reasonably be expected to start up again, allowing Defendant to be free to return to the old ways' after the threat of a lawsuit had passed.
- 22. If one or more ADA violation are cured, Plaintiff alleges that they were cured and timed to anticipate the current lawsuit, and not as a good faith effort to comply with the ADA.
- 23.To remedy the violations of 28 CFR 36.302(e), Defendant would be required not only to modify all 1st and 3rd party lodging websites, but would be required to do so truthfully and accurately.

1 **COUNT ONE** 2 Violation of Plaintiff's Civil Rights under the ADA 3 24. Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth. 4 25. By virtue of his disability, Plaintiff requires an ADA compliant lodging facility 5 6 particularly applicable to his mobility, both ambulatory and wheelchair assisted. 7 26.On or about November 2, 2017 Plaintiff visited a 3rd party website 9 www.expedia.com to book a room. 10 27.3rd party website disclosed general availability and description of Defendant's 11 hotel. 12 13 28.3rd party website failed to identify and describe mobility related accessibility 14 features and guest rooms offered through its reservations service in enough 15 detail to reasonably permit Plaintiff to assess independently whether 16 17 Defendant's hotel meets his accessibility needs. 18 29.3rd party website failed to disclose the following accessibility features in 19 enough detail to reasonably permit Plaintiff to assess independently whether 20 21 Defendant's hotel and guest rooms meets his accessibility needs: 22 a. Whether accessible routes comply with § 206 of the 2010 Standards; and 23 b. Whether operable parts on accessible elements, accessible routes and 24 25 accessible rooms comply with §§205 and 803 of the 2010 Standards; and 26 c. Whether any accessible means of egress comply with §207 of the 2010 27

Standards.

1	d.	Whether parking spaces comply with §§208 and 502 of the 2010
2		Standards; and
3 4	e.	Whether passenger loading zones comply with §§209 and 503 of the
5		2010 Standards; and
6	f.	Whether any drinking fountains comply with §211 of the 2010 Standards;
7		and
8 9	· ·	Whether any kitchens, kitchenettes and sinks comply with §§212 and 804
0	g.	
11		of the 2010 Standards; and
12	h.	Whether toilet facilities and bathing facilities comply with §213 of the
13		2010 Standards; and
14 15	i.	Whether any washing machines and clothes dryers comply with §§214
16		and 611 of the 2010 Standards; and
17	j.	Whether accessible hotel rooms comply with §224 of the 2010 Standards;
18		and
19 20	k.	Whether dining surfaces and work surfaces comply with §\$226 and 902
21		of the 2010 Standards; and
22	1.	Whether sales and service elements comply with §227 of the 2010
23	1.	
24 25		Standards; and
25 26	m.	Whether any saunas and steam rooms comply with §§241 and 612 of the
27		2010 Standards; and
$_{28}$		

cc. Whether any platform lifts comply with §410 of the 2010 Standards; and
dd. Whether any stairways comply with §504 of the 2010 Standards; and
ee. Whether handrails on elements requiring handrails comply with §505 of
the 2010 Standards: and

- ff. Whether the plumbing facilities comply with Chapter 6 of the 2010 Standards with respect to all the following subchapters of Chapter 6: §§ 602 (drinking fountains), 603 (toilets and bathing rooms), 604 (water closets and toilet compartments, 605 (urinals), 606 (lavatories and sinks), 607 (bathtubs), 607 (shower compartments), 608 (grab bars), 610 (seats in bathtubs and shower compartments), and
- 30.Thereafter, Plaintiff consulted Defendant's 1st party website www.wyndhamhotels.com to determine the information unavailable from the third-party website.

gg. Whether service counters comply with 904 of the 2010 Standards.

- 31.1st party website failed to identify and describe mobility related accessibility features and guest rooms offered through its reservations service in enough detail to reasonably permit Plaintiff to assess independently whether Defendant's hotel meets his accessibility needs.
- 32.In particular, 1st party website failed to disclose the following accessibility features in enough detail to reasonably permit Plaintiff to assess independently whether Defendant's hotel and guest rooms meets his accessibility needs:

1	a.	Whether accessible routes comply with § 206 of the 2010 Standards; and
2	b.	Whether operable parts on accessible elements, accessible routes and
3		accessible rooms comply with §§205 and 803 of the 2010 Standards; and
4		accessione rooms compry with §§203 and 603 of the 2010 Standards, and
5	c.	Whether any accessible means of egress comply with §207 of the 2010
6		Standards.
7 8	d.	Whether parking spaces comply with §§208 and 502 of the 2010
9		Standards; and
10		W/h-4h
11	e.	Whether passenger loading zones comply with §\$209 and 503 of the
12		2010 Standards; and
13	f.	Whether any drinking fountains comply with §211 of the 2010 Standards:
14		and
15		
16	g.	Whether any kitchens, kitchenettes and sinks comply with §§212 and 804
17		of the 2010 Standards; and
18	h.	Whether toilet facilities and bathing facilities comply with §213 of the
19		2010 Standards; and
20		2010 Standards, and
21	i.	Whether any washing machines and clothes dryers comply with §§214
22		and 611 of the 2010 Standards; and
23		Whather a cossible betal recome comply with \$224 of the 2010 Standards
24	j.	Whether accessible hotel rooms comply with §224 of the 2010 Standards:
25		and
26	k.	Whether dining surfaces and work surfaces comply with §§226 and 902
27		
28		of the 2010 Standards; and

1	1.	Whether sales and service elements comply with §227 of the 2010
2		Standards; and
3		W/l 1
4	m.	Whether any saunas and steam rooms comply with §§241 and 612 of the
5		2010 Standards; and
6	n.	Whether any swimming pools, wading pools and spas comply with
7 8		§§242 and 1009 of the 2010 Standards; and
9	0.	Whether floor and ground surfaces comply with §302 of the 2010
10		Standards; and
11		Standards, and
12	p.	Whether changes in level comply with §303 of the 2010 Standards; and
13	q.	Whether turning spaces comply with § 304 of the 2010 Standards; and
14	r.	Whether floor and ground spaces comply with §305 of the 2010
1516		Standards; and
17	s.	Whether knee and toes clearances comply with §306 of the 2010
18		Standarday and
19		Standards; and
20	t.	Whether protruding objects comply with §307 of the 2010 Standards; and
21	u.	Whether the reach ranges comply with §308 of the 2010 Standards; and
22	v	Whether the operating parts on accessible features comply with §309 of
23	v.	whether the operating parts on accessione reatures comply with \$507 or
24		the 2010 Standards; and
25	w.	Whether accessible routes comply with §402 of the 2010 Standards; and
26	v	Whather walking surfaces comply with 8402 of the 2010 Standards, and
27	, x.	Whether walking surfaces comply with §403 of the 2010 Standards; and
28		

y.	Whether	doors,	doorways	and	gates	comply	with	§404	of	the	2010
	Standards	s; and									

- z. Whether ramps comply with § 405 of the 2010 Standards; and aa. Whether curb ramps comply with §406 of the 2010 Standards; and bb. Whether any elevators comply with §407 of the 2010 Standards; and cc. Whether any platform lifts comply with §410 of the 2010 Standards; and dd. Whether any stairways comply with §504 of the 2010 Standards; and ee. Whether handrails on elements requiring handrails comply with §505 of the 2010 Standards; and
- ff. Whether the plumbing facilities comply with Chapter 6 of the 2010 Standards with respect to all the following subchapters of Chapter 6: §§ 602 (drinking fountains), 603 (toilets and bathing rooms), 604 (water closets and toilet compartments, 605 (urinals), 606 (lavatories and sinks), 607 (bathtubs), 607 (shower compartments), 608 (grab bars), 610 (seats in bathtubs and shower compartments), and

gg. Whether service counters comply with 904 of the 2010 Standards.

- 33. Additionally, 1st party website did not permit Plaintiff to book a room in the same manner as others.
- 34. Thereafter Plaintiff called Defendant's hotel to inquire whether it was compliant with the ADA and suitable for Plaintiff's accessibility needs.

- 35.Plaintiff spoke with hotel reservations clerk, Erica. Plaintiff specifically inquired whether Defendant's hotel was compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act and compliant with the specific requirements of accessibility.
- 36.Reservations clerk responded that the hotel was compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act, and Plaintiff booked a room.
- 37. Upon booking the room, Plaintiff noted that the Hotel was not compliant with the ADA and was replete with accessibility barriers in the details which include the following areas of non-compliance:
 - a. **208.2.** Insufficient number of accessible parking spaces.
 - b. **208.3.1.** No dispersion of accessible parking to all entrances.
 - c. **502.4.** Multiple accessible parking spaces with a cross slope steeper than 1:48 inches.
 - d. **502.4.** Accessible parking space on the North side of the hotel has a running slope steeper than 1:48 inches.
 - e. **502.6.** Multiple accessible parking signs are below the required 60 inches minimum, and 1 space is missing a sign entirely.
 - f. **505.10.3.** No bottom handrail extensions for the inside rails on stairways.
 - g. **403.3.** Multiple accessible routes which have a cross slope steeper than 1:48 inches.

- h. **403.3.** Multiple accessible routes which have a running slope steeper than 1:20 inches.
- i. **403.3.** Bathroom floor leading to the shower has a running slope steeper than 1:20 inches.
- j. **302.2.** Multiple unsecured carpets in lobby an near pool.
- k. **303.2.** Accessible routes with a change in level greater than 1/4 inch.
- 1. **308.2.1.** The latch to the pool gate has an improper unobstructed reach range over 48 inches.
- m. **308.2.1.** Shower shelf has an improper unobstructed reach range over 48 inches.
- n. **308.2.2.** The guest washing machines and dryers had improper reach ranges.
- o. **308.2.2.** The guest room kitchen cabinets are at an improper reach range.
- p. **309.4.** The accessible room doors(entrance, restroom, bedroom) each require a twisting of the wrist motion and more than 5 pounds of force to open.
- q. **309.4.** The entrances to building 2 require a twisting of the wrist motion and more than 5 pounds of force to open.
- r. **309.4.** Numerous gates throughout the complex require a twisting of the wrist motion and more than 5 pounds of force to open.

1	s. 309.4. The lobby entrance requires more than 5 pounds of force to
2	open.
3	
4	t. 309.4. The pool gate requires 2 hands, a twisting of the wrist motion
5	and more than 5 pounds of force to open.
6	u. 309.4. Pool restrooms require a twisting of the wrist motion to open.
7 8	v. 309.4. The accessible room shower controls require 2 hands to
9	operate.
10	w. 604.3.1. Improper water closet size of clearance.
11	w. 004.3.1. Improper water closet size of clearance.
12	x. 604.5.2. The water closet rear wall grab bar is less than 36 inches long
13	y. 604.7. The toilet paper dispenser is more than 7 inches minimum in
14	front of the water closet.
15	z. 604.9.3. The height of the water closet is greater than the maximum
16	
17	of 17 inches from the floor to the top of the seat.
18 19	aa. 804.2.2. Accessible room kitchen has an insufficient clearance.
20	bb.No street access.
21	cc. Front counter is inaccessible.
22	ce. I folit counter is indecession.
23	dd.Lobby lounge area inaccessible.
24	ee. Pool lounge area inaccessible.
25	ff. Multiple access points throughout complex which are inaccessible
26	
27	due to not having a ramp.
28	gg.Other ADA violations to be discovered through a discovery process.
	1

1	38.Plaintiff paid for the room.
2	39. The removal of accessibility barriers listed above is readily achievable.
3 4	40.As a direct and proximate result of ADA Violations, Plaintiff's Disability has
5	prevented him from equal access to the Defendant's public accommodation.
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for all relief as follows:
7	A. Relief described in 42 U.S.C. §2000a – 3; and
8 9	B. Relief described in 42 U.S.C. § 12188(a) and (b) and, particularly -
10	
11	C. Injunctive relief order to alter Defendant's place of public
12	accommodation to make it readily accessible to and usable by ALI
13	individuals with disabilities; and
14 15	D. Requiring the provision of an auxiliary aid or service, modification of a
16	policy, or provision of alternative methods, to the extent required by
17	Subchapter III of the ADA; and
18	E. Equitable nominal damages in the amount of \$1.00; and
19 20	F. For costs, expenses and attorney's fees; and
21	G. All remedies provided for in 28 C.F.R. 36.501(a) and (b).
22	
23	COUNT TWO
24	Negligence
25 26	41.Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth.
27	

Case 2:17-cv-04089-DJH Document 1 Filed 11/06/17 Page 17 of 24

1	42.Defendant had a duty to Plaintiff to remove ADA accessibility barriers so that
2 3	Plaintiff as a disabled individual would have full and equal access to the public
$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$	accommodation.
5	43.Defendant breached this duty.
6	44.Defendant is or should be aware that, historically, society has tended to isolate
7	
8	and segregate individuals with disabilities, and, despite some improvements,
9	such forms of discrimination against individuals with disabilities continue to be
10	a serious and pervasive social problem ¹ .
11	
12	45.Defendant knowingly and intentionally participated in this historical
13	discrimination against Plaintiff, causing Plaintiff damage.
14	46 Discrimination against individuals with dischilities pagaists in the use on
15	46.Discrimination against individuals with disabilities persists in the use and
16	enjoyment of critical public accommodations ² .
17	47.Defendant's knowing and intentional persistence in discrimination against
18	Plaintiff is alleged, causing Plaintiff damage.
19	Training is uneged, eadsing Frankers duringe.
20	48.Individuals with disabilities, including Plaintiff, continually encounter various
21	forms of discrimination, including outright intentional exclusion, the
22	discriminatory effects of architectural, overprotective rules and policies, failure
23	discriminatory effects of architectural, overprotective rates and ponetes, rainare
24	to make modifications to existing facilities and practices, exclusionary
25	
26	
27	
28	¹ 42 U.S.C. § 12101(a)(2) ² 42 U.S.C. §12101(a)(3)
	42 U.S.C. §12101(a)(3)

¹⁷

qualification standards and criteria, segregation, and relegation to lesser services, programs, activities, benefits, jobs, or other opportunities³.

- 49. Defendant's knowing and intentional discrimination against Plaintiff reinforces above forms of discrimination, causing Plaintiff damage.
- 50. Census data, national polls, and other studies have documented that people with disabilities, as a group, occupy an inferior status in our society, and are severely disadvantaged socially, vocationally, economically, and educationally⁴.
- 51.Defendant's knowing and intentional discrimination has relegated Plaintiff to an inferior status in society, causing Plaintiff damage.
- 52. The Nation's proper goals regarding individuals with disabilities are to assure equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency for such individuals⁵.
- 53.Defendant's knowing and intentional discrimination has worked counter to our Nation's goals of equality, causing Plaintiff damage.
- 54. Continued existence of unfair and unnecessary discrimination and prejudice denies people with disabilities the opportunity to compete on an equal basis and to pursue those opportunities for which our free society is justifiably famous,

 $^{27 \}parallel 3 42 \text{ U.S.C. } \$12101(a)(5)$

⁴ 42 U.S.C. §12101(a)(6)

⁵ 42 U.S.C. §12101(a)(7)

and costs the United States billions of dollars in unnecessary expenses resulting 1 2 from dependency and nonproductivity⁶. 3 55. Defendant's knowing and intentional unfair and unnecessary discrimination 4 against Plaintiff demonstrates Defendant's knowing and intentional damage to 5 6 Plaintiff. 7 56.Defendant's breach of duty caused Plaintiff damages including, without 9 limitation, the feeling of segregation, discrimination, relegation to second class 10 citizen status the pain, suffering and emotional damages inherent to 11 discrimination and segregation and other damages to be proven at trial. 12 13 57.By violating Plaintiff's civil rights, Defendant engaged in intentional, 14 aggravated and outrageous conduct. 15 58. The ADA has been the law of the land since 1991, but Defendant engaged in a 16 17 conscious action of a reprehensible character, that is, Defendant denied Plaintiff 18 his civil rights, and cause him damage by virtue of segregation, discrimination, 19 relegation to second class citizen status the pain, suffering and emotional 20 21 damages inherent to discrimination and segregation and other damages to be 22 proven at trial 23 59. Defendant either intended to cause injury to Plaintiff or defendant consciously 24

significant harm to Plaintiff.

25

26

27

28

pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of

⁶ 42 U.S.C. §12101(a)(8)

1	60.Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages in an amount to be proven
2	at trial sufficient, however, to deter this Defendant and others similarly situated
3 4	from pursuing similar acts.
5	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:
6	A. For finding of negligence; and
7	B. For damages in an amount to be proven at trial; and
8	
9 10	C. For punitive damages to be proven at trial; and
11	D. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
12	COUNT THREE Negligent Misrepresentation
13 14	61.Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth.
15	62.Defendant failed to exercise reasonable care or competence in obtaining or
16	communicating the information regarding ADA compliance to Plaintiff both on
17 18	the websites and telephonically.
19	63.Defendant hotel supplied false information to Plaintiff for guidance in
20 21	Plaintiff's business transaction, to wit: the renting of a hotel room.
22	64.Defendant's false statement was made in the course of Defendant's business in
23	which Defendant has a pecuniary interest, to wit: renting of rooms.
24 25	65.Plaintiff justifiably relied on Defendant's false information and rented a room
26	at Defendant's hotel.
27	

1	66.Plaintiff has suffered pecuniary losses as a result of his reliance on Defendant's
2	false information regarding ADA compliance, to wit: he booked and paid for a
3	non-compliant room.
4	non-compitant room.
5	67. Defendant either intended to cause injury to Plaintiff or defendant consciously
6	pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of
7 8	significant harm to Plaintiff.
9	68.Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages in an amount to be proven
10	at trial sufficient, however, to deter this Defendant and others similarly situated
11 12	from pursuing similar acts.
13	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:
14 15	A. For finding of negligent misrepresentation; and
16	B. For damages in an amount to be proven at trial; and
17	C. For punitive damages to be proven at trial; and
18	D. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
19	
20	COUNT FOUR Failure to Disclose
21	69.Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth.
22	
23	70.Defendant was under a duty to Plaintiff to exercise reasonable care to disclose
24 25	matters required to be disclosed pursuant to 28 CFR 36.302(e) as more fully
26	alleged above before the booking transaction was completed.
27	

1	71.Defendant was under a duty to disclose matters to Plaintiff that Defendant knew	
2	were necessary to be disclosed to prevent Plaintiff to be misled by partial	
3		
4	disclosures of ADA compliance as more fully alleged above.	
5	72. The compliance with the ADA is a fact basic to the booking transaction.	
6	73.Defendant failed to make the necessary disclosures.	
7		
8	74.As a direct consequence of Defendant's failure to disclose, Plaintiff booked a	
9	room in Defendant's hotel that was not ADA compliant as more fully alleged	
10	above.	
11		
12	75. Plaintiff has been damaged by Defendant's non-disclosure.	
13	76.Defendant either intended to cause injury to Plaintiff or defendant consciously	
14	pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of	
15		
16	significant harm to Plaintiff.	
17	77. Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages in an amount to be proven	
18	at trial sufficient, however, to deter this Defendant and others similarly situated	
19	f.,,	
20	from pursuing similar acts.	
21	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:	
22	A. For finding of that Defendant failed to disclose information; and	
23	D. For dome and in an amount to be marrow at trial, and	
24	B. For damages in an amount to be proven at trial; and	
25	C. For punitive damages to be proven at trial; and	
26	D. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.	
27	COUNT FIVE	
28	COUNT FIVE	

Fraud

1	Common Law and Consumer
2	78.Plaintiff realleges all allegations heretofore set forth.
3	79.Defendant made a representation as alleged above.
4	
5	80. The representation was material.
6 7	81. The representation was false.
8	82.Defendant knew that the representation was false or was ignorant to the truth or
9	falsity thereof.
10	83.Defendant intended that Plaintiff rely on the false representation. 84.Plaintiff reasonably relied on the misrepresentation.
11	
12	
13	85. Plaintiff has a right to rely on the misrepresentation.
14	86.Plaintiff was unaware of the falsity of the representation until after he booke
15	
16	the room.
17	87.Plaintiff was consequently and proximately damaged by Defendant's
18	misrepresentation.
19	99 Defendant's migrapresentation was made in connection with the sale of
20	88.Defendant's misrepresentation was made in connection with the sale of
21	advertisement of merchandise with the intent that Plaintiff rely on it.
22	89. Renting of hotel rooms is "merchandise" as this term is defined in A.R.S. §44-
23	1521(5)
24	1521(5).
25	90. Plaintiff relied on the misrepresentation.
26	91.Plaintiff suffered an injury resulting from the false misrepresentation
27	
28	

1	92.Defendant either intended to cause injury to Plaintiff or defendant consciously
2	pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of
3	
4	significant harm to Plaintiff.
5	93.Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages in an amount to be proven
6	at trial sufficient, however, to deter this Defendant and others similarly situated
7	
8	from pursuing similar acts.
9	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:
10	A. For finding of that Defendant failed to disclose information; and
11	B. For damages in an amount to be proven at trial; and
12	B. For damages in an amount to be proven at triar, and
13	C. For punitive damages to be proven at trial; and
14	D. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
1516	REQUEST FOR TRIAL BY JURY
17	Plaintiff respectfully requests a trial by jury in issues triable by a jury.
18	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 6 th day of November 2017.
19	
20	STROJNIK, P.C.
21	Profit-
22	Peter Strojnik, 6464
23	Attorneys for Plaintiff
24	VERIFICATION
25	Plaintiff verifies that he has read the forgoing and that the factual allegations stated above
26	are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief. Plaintiff make this verification under the penalty of perjury.
27	
28	/s/ Fernando Gastelum

Authorized Electronically